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LOGINID:ssspt189dxw PASSWORD: TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2 * * * * * * * * * Welcome to STN International * * * * * * * * * * NEWS Web Page for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America AUG 15 CAOLD to be discontinued on December 31, 2008 NEWS NEWS 3 OCT 07 EPFULL enhanced with full implementation of EPC2000 NEWS 4 OCT 07 Multiple databases enhanced for more flexible patent number searching NEWS 5 OCT 22 Current-awareness alert (SDI) setup and editing enhanced NEWS 6 OCT 22 WPIDS, WPINDEX, and WPIX enhanced with Canadian PCT Applications NEWS 7 OCT 24 CHEMLIST enhanced with intermediate list of pre-registered REACH substances 8 NOV 21 CAS patent coverage to include exemplified prophetic substances identified in English-, French-, German-, and Japanese-language basic patents from 2004-present NEWS 9 NOV 26 MARPAT enhanced with FSORT command NEWS 10 NOV 26 MEDLINE year-end processing temporarily halts availability of new fully-indexed citations NEWS 11 NOV 26 CHEMSAFE now available on STN Easy NEWS 12 NOV 26 Two new SET commands increase convenience of STN searching NEWS 13 DEC 01 ChemPort single article sales feature unavailable NEWS 14 DEC 12 GBFULL now offers single source for full-text coverage of complete UK patent families NEWS 15 DEC 17 Fifty-one pharmaceutical ingredients added to PS

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^{=&}gt; index bioscience

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FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUALINE, AQUASCI, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHOBS, BIOTECHOS, CABA, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGEME, DISSABS, DRUG

69 FILES IN THE FILE LIST IN STNINDEX

Enter SET DETAIL ON to see search term postings or to view search error messages that display as 0^\star with SET DETAIL OFF.

=> s Streptococcus or (KL0188 or KCTC#10248BP) 0* FILE ADISCTI

=> s Streptococcus KL0188

O FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 69 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX

L1 QUE STREPTOCOCCUS KL0188

=> s Streptococcus sp. KL0188

- 1 FILE BIOTECHABS 1 FILE BIOTECHDS
 - FILE CAPLUS
 - FILE CAPLOS
- 1 FILE IFI 60 FILES SEARCHED...
- 1 FILE USPATFULL
 - 1 FILE WPIDS
 - 1 FILE WPIFV 1 FILE WPINDEX
- 8 FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 69 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX
- L2 QUE STREPTOCOCCUS SP. KL0188
- => s Streptococcus sp. (KL0188 or KCTC#10248BP) MISSING OPERATOR 'SP. (KL0188'

The search profile that was entered contains terms or nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.

=> s Streptococcus sp. and (KL0188 or KCTC#10248BP)

=> s Streptococcus sp. KCTC 10248BP

63 FILES SEARCHED ...

O FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 69 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX

L3 QUE STREPTOCOCCUS SP. KCTC 10248BP

=> s 11

O FILES HAVE ONE OR MORE ANSWERS, 69 FILES SEARCHED IN STNINDEX

L4 QUE L1

=> file biotechabs biotechds caplus ifipat uspatfull wpifv
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TOTAL

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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 22:42:06 ON 19 DEC 2008
CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'WPIFV' ENTERED AT 22:42:06 ON 19 DEC 2008 COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 THOMSON REUTERS

=> s 12 L5

L5 5 L2

=> dup rem 15 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L5

L6 3 DUP REM L5 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 16 1-3

IN

PA

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 3 WPIFV COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN

AN 2008-2343791 WPIFV

II New Streptococcus sp. KL0188 which does

not express hyaluronidase and shows a non-hemolytic property, useful for producing high molecular weight hyaluronic acid with a high yield HAN H (KR); JANG S (KR); KIM E (KR); PARK J (KR); HAN Y (KR); LEE C

(KR); PARK H (KR); KIM Y (KR) INFN HAN HEEYONG

JANG SEUNGHONG
KIM EULCHAE
PARK JUNGKYUNG
HAN YOUNGJIN
LEE CHUNG

PARK HEUNGSOON KIM YUNCHEUL

(KOLO-N) KOLON LIFE SCI (KR) ; (VACC-N) VACC TECH (KR) KR 829086 B1 20080516 Korean Equivalent

PI KR 829086 B1 20080516 K PI.B WO 2004016771 A1

FDT KR 2004016642 A (Previous Publ.) AI KR 2002-48916 20020819 PRAI KR 2002-48916 20020819

ICM C12P019-00; C12P019-26

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 3 IFIPAT COPYRIGHT 2008 IFI on STN DUPLICATE 1

AN 11178953 IFIPAT; IFIUDB; IFICDB

TI Microorganism producing hyaluronic acid and purification method of hyaluronic acid

IN Han Hee-yong; Han Young-Jin; Jang Seung-Hong; Kim Eul-Chae; Kim Yun-Cheul; Lee Chung; Park Heung-Soon; Park Ho-Jin; Park Jung-Kyung

PA Unassigned Or Assigned To Individual (68000)

PPA Kolon Industries Inc KR (Probable)

```
PТ
      US 20060127987 A1 20060615
      US 2003-523769
AT
                          20030819
      WO 2003-KR1666
                          20030819
                          20051005 PCT 371 date
                          20051005 PCT 102(e) date
PRAI
     KR 2002-48915
                           20020819
      KR 2002-48916
                           20020819
      US 20060127987
                          20060615
DT
      Utility; Patent Application - First Publication
      CHEMICAL
      APPLICATION
ED
      Entered STN: 16 Jun 2006
      Last Updated on STN: 16 Jun 2006
CLMN 10
1.6
      ANSWER 3 OF 3 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2008 THOMSON REUTERS on STN DUPLICATE
AN
      2004-11318 BIOTECHDS
TΙ
      New Streptococcus sp. KL0188 which does not
      express hyaluronidase and shows a non-hemolytic property, useful for
      producing high molecular weight hyaluronic acid with a high yield;
         for use in hvaluronic acid purification and cosmetic and medicinal
         industry
AU
      HAN H; JANG S; KIM E; PARK J; HAN Y; LEE C; PARK H; KIM Y; PARK H
PA
      KOLON IND INC; VACCTECH CORP
PΤ
      WO 2004016771 26 Feb 2004
      WO 2003-KR1666 19 Aug 2003
AΤ
PRAI KR 2002-48916 19 Aug 2002; KR 2002-48915 19 Aug 2002
DT
      Patent
LA
      English
os
     WPI: 2004-257198 [24]
=> d hist
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     INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUALINE,
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INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, AMABSTR, ANTE, AQUALINE, AQUASCI, BIORNG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHOS, DIOTECHONS, CABA, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DISSABS, DRUGB, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGU, EMBAL, EMBASE, ... 'ENTERED AT 22:38:20 ON 19 DEC 2008 SEA STREPTOCOCCUS OR (KL0188 OR KCTC#10248BP)

QUE STREPTOCOCCUS SP. KL0188

SEA STREPTOCOCCUS SP. AND (KL0188 OR KCTC#10248BP)

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0* FILE ADISCTI
              SEA STREPTOCOCCUS SP. KCTC 10248BP
              QUE STREPTOCOCCUS SP. KCTC 10248BP
              SEA L1
L4
              QUE L1
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L_5
             5 S L2
L6
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ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF
LOGOFF? (Y) /N/HOLD: y
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FULL ESTIMATED COST
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NEWS 2 NOV 21 CAS patent coverage to include exemplified prophetic
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                 and Japanese-language basic patents from 2004-present
NEWS 3 NOV 26 MARPAT enhanced with FSORT command
NEWS 4 NOV 26 CHEMSAFE now available on STN Easy
NEWS 5 NOV 26 Two new SET commands increase convenience of STN
                 searching
NEWS 6 DEC 01
                ChemPort single article sales feature unavailable
NEWS 7 DEC 12
                GBFULL now offers single source for full-text
                 coverage of complete UK patent families
NEWS 8 DEC 17
                Fifty-one pharmaceutical ingredients added to PS
NEWS 9
        JAN 06 The retention policy for unread STNmail messages
                 will change in 2009 for STN-Columbus and STN-Tokyo
         JAN 07 WPIDS, WPINDEX, and WPIX enhanced Japanese Patent
NEWS 10
                 Classification Data
NEWS 11 FEB 02 Simultaneous left and right truncation (SLART) added
                 for CERAB, COMPUAB, ELCOM, and SOLIDSTATE
NEWS 12 FEB 02 GENBANK enhanced with SET PLURALS and SET SPELLING
NEWS 13 FEB 06 Patent sequence location (PSL) data added to USGENE
NEWS 14 FEB 10 COMPENDEX reloaded and enhanced
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NEWS 15 FEB 11 WTEXTILES reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 16 FEB 19 New patent-examiner citations in 300,000 CA/CAplus
                 patent records provide insights into related prior
NEWS 17 FEB 19 Increase the precision of your patent queries -- use
                 terms from the IPC Thesaurus, Version 2009.01
NEWS 18 FEB 23
                Several formats for image display and print options
                 discontinued in USPATFULL and USPAT2
NEWS 19 FEB 23 MEDLINE now offers more precise author group fields
                 and 2009 MeSH terms
NEWS 20 FEB 23
                TOXCENTER updates mirror those of MEDLINE - more
                 precise author group fields and 2009 MeSH terms
NEWS 21 FEB 23
                Three million new patent records blast AEROSPACE into
                 STN patent clusters
NEWS 22 FEB 25 USGENE enhanced with patent family and legal status
                 display data from INPADOCDB
NEWS 23 MAR 06 INPADOCDB and INPAFAMDB enhanced with new display
                 formats
NEWS 24 MAR 11 EPFULL backfile enhanced with additional full-text
                 applications and grants
NEWS 25 MAR 11 ESBIOBASE reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 26 MAR 20 CAS databases on STN enhanced with new super role
                 for nanomaterial substances
NEWS 27 MAR 23 CA/Caplus enhanced with more than 250,000 patent
                 equivalents from China
NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 27 08 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.3,
             AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 23 JUNE 2008.
NEWS HOURS
             STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS LOGIN
             Welcome Banner and News Items
NEWS IPC8
             For general information regarding STN implementation of IPC 8
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=> index bioscience

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 SINCE FILE TOTAL

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
 0.22

 0.22
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68 FILES IN THE FILE LIST IN STNINDEX

Enter SET DETAIL ON to see search term postings or to view search error messages that display as $0\star$ with SET DETAIL OFF.

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            FILE AOUASCI
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            FILE BIOENG
           FILE BIOSIS
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            FILE BIOTECHABS
            FILE BIOTECHDS
            FILE BIOTECHNO
            FILE CABA
        54
            FILE CAPLUS
         1
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         3
            FILE DDFU
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            FILE DGENE
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            FILE DRUGB
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             FILE IFIPAT
             FILE IMSRESEARCH
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FILE MEDLINE
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        38
            FILE OCEAN
FILE PASCAL
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            FILE TOXCENTER
        19
            FILE USGENE
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L2 QUE L1 AND HYALURONIDASE
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=> s 11 and no hyaluronidase 41 FILES SEARCHED...

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CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)
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CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)
=> s 13
L4
            4 L3
=> dup rem 14
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L4
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=> d 15 1-3
    ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
AN
      2006:151551 USPATFULL
      Microorganism producing hyaluronic acid and purification method of
      hyaluronic acid
      Han, Hee-yong, Gyeonggi-do, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      Jang, Seung-Hong, Daejeon-city, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      Kim, Eul-Chae, Gyeonggi-do, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      Park, Jung-Kyung, Daejeon-city, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      Han, Young-Jin, Daejeon-city, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      Lee, Chung, yongin-city, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      Park, Heung-Soon, Woomyeon-dong, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      Kim, Yun-Cheul, Gyeonggi-do, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      Park, Ho-Jin, Gyeonggi-do, RUSSIAN FEDERATION
      US 20060127987
                        A1 20060615
AΙ
      US 2003-523769
                         A1 20030819 (10)
      WO 2003-KR1666
                              20030819
                              20051005 PCT 371 date
PRAI
      KR 2002-48915
                         20020819
      KR 2002-48916
                         20020819
      Utility
DT
FS
      APPLICATION
LN.CNT 519
      INCLM: 435/085.000
INCL
      INCLS: 435/252.300
NCL
      NCLM: 435/085.000
      NCLS: 435/252.300
             C12P0019-28 [I,A]; C12P0019-00 [I,C*]; C12N0001-21 [I,A]
      IPCR
             C12P0019-00 [I,C]; C12P0019-04 [I,A]; C12P0019-28 [I,A];
             C08B0037-00 [I,C*]; C08B0037-08 [I,A]; C12N0001-20 [I,C*];
             C12N0001-20 [I,A]; C12N0001-21 [I,C]; C12N0001-21 [I,A];
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L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN AN 2005:82247 USPATFULL

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

C12P0019-26 [I,A]; C12R0001-46 [N,A]

```
Modified immunogenic pneumolysin compositions as vaccines
TN
      Minetti, Conceicao, Silver Spring, MD, UNITED STATES
       Michon, Francis, Bethesda, MD, UNITED STATES
       Pullen, Jeffrey K., Columbia, MD, UNITED STATES
       Polvino-Bodnar, Mary Ellen, Annapolis, MD, UNITED STATES
       Liang, Shu-Mei, Taipei, TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA
       Tai, Joseph Y., Collegeville, PA, UNITED STATES
       US 20050070695
                          A1 20050331
AΙ
       US 2004-785673
                          A1 20040223 (10)
RLI
       Division of Ser. No. US 1998-120044, filed on 21 Jul 1998, GRANTED, Pat.
      No. US 6764686
PRAI
      US 1997-53306P
                          19970721 (60)
      US 1998-73456P
                          19980202 (60)
DT
      Utility
FS
      APPLICATION
LN.CNT 2289
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       INCLM: 530/395.000
NCL
      NCLM: 530/395.000
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       ICM
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       IPCI
             C07K0014-47 [ICM, 7]; C07K0014-435 [ICM, 7, C*]
       IPCR
             C07K0014-195 [I,C*]; C07K0014-315 [I,A]
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
    ANSWER 3 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
                                                        DUPLICATE 1
AN
       2001:133883 USPATFULL
       MODIFIED IMMUNOGENIC PNEUMOLYSIN COMPOSITIONS AS VACCINES
       MINETTI, CONCEICAO, SILVER SPRING, MD, United States
IN
       MICHON, FRANCIS, BETHESDA, MD, United States
       PULLEN, JEFFREY K., COLUMBIA, MD, United States
       POLVINO-BODNAR, MARYELLEN, ANNAPOLIS, MD, United States
       LIANG, SHU-MEI, NANKANG, Taiwan, Province of China
       TAI, JOSEPH Y., COLLEGEVILLE, PA, United States
       NORTH AMERICAN VACCINE, INC. (U.S. corporation)
PA
ΡI
       US 20010014332
                          A1 20010816
       US 6764686
                          B2 20040720
AΙ
       US 1998-120044
                          A1 19980721 (9)
PRAI
      US 1997-53306P
                          19970721 (60)
      US 1998-73456P
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DТ
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      APPLICATION
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LN.CNT 2149
INCL
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       INCLS: 424/192,100
NCL
      NCLM: 424/236.100; 424/190.100
      NCLS: 424/184.100; 424/185.100; 424/190.100; 424/194.100; 424/197.110;
              424/203.100; 424/234.100; 424/244.100; 424/831.000; 530/350.000;
              530/825.000; 424/192.100
IC
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       ICS
             A61K039-00
             A61K0039-02 [ICM, 7]; A61K0039-00 [ICS, 7]
       IPCI-2 A61K0039-02 [ICM,7]; A61K0039-09 [ICS,7]; A61K0039-385 [ICS,7];
             A61K0039-116 [ICS, 7]; A61K0039-38 [ICS, 7]
             C07K0014-195 [I,C*]; C07K0014-315 [I,A]
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
=> d 15 1 kwic
    ANSWER 1 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
1.5
AB
      The present invention relates to a hyaluronic acid producing strain
```

Streptococcus sp. KL0188 and a method for purifying hyaluronic acid, more particularly to a Streptococcus sp. KL0188 that does not express hyaluronidase and is non-

hemolytic, and a method for purifying hyaluronic acid using an aromatic adsorption resin and an active carbon.

- SUMM . . . present invention relates to a hyaluronic acid producing microorganism strain and a method for purifying hyaluronic acid, and particularly to Streptococcus sp. KL0188 and a method for purifying hyaluronic acid using an aromatic adsorption resin and an active carbon.
- SUMM Microorganisms used for the production of hyaluronic acid include Streptococcus pyogenes, Streptococcus faecalis, Streptococcus dysgalactiae, Streptococcus zooepidemicus, Streptococcus equi, Streptococcus equieimilis, etc. According to Bergy's manual, these pertain to Lancefield's serological group A or C. Such microorganisms are hemolytic Streptococcus, and they are reported to have beta-hemolytic functions.
- SUMM Since hyaluronic acids that are produced using Streptococcus sp. microorganisms (Japanese Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 58-566922, U.S. Patent Laid-Open Publication No. 60-500997, Korean Patent Registration Publication No. 10-250573.
- SUMM U.S. Pat. No. 4,157,296 discloses a method for purifying 5 hyaluronic acid by treating a culture solution of Streptococcus pyogenes with trichloro acetic acid to remove strains, and then precipitating it using an organic solvent. However, since the precipitation. . . .
- SUMM . Pat. No. 4,782,046 describes a purification process of introducing 0.01% anionic surfactant of lauryl sulfate into a culture solution of Streptococcus equi to separate hyaluronic acid attached to cell walls, and then introducing a non-ionic surfactant of hexadecyltrimethyl ammonium bromide to.
- SUMM U.S. Pat. No. 4,784,990 describes a purification process of adding ethanol to a culture solution of Streptococcus zooepidemicus to separate hyaluronic acid from microorganisms, and then precipitating it with cetyl pyridinium chloride.
- SUMM It is another object of the present invention to provide a hyaluronic acid producing microorganism strain that does not express hyaluronidase and is not hemolytic.
- SUMM . is another object of the present invention to provide a high molecular weight hyaluronic acid that is produced from a non-hemolytic microoranism strain and purified.
- SUMM In order to achieve these objects, the present invention provides Streptococcus sp. KL0188 (KCTC1024BP), which does not express hyaluronidase and is non-hemolytic.
- DETD According to the present invention, Streptococcus sp. KL0188 that is prepared by causing mutation in Streptococcus socoepidemicus is provided. The Streptococcus sp. KL0188 has been deposited with the Korean Collection for Type Culture, on May 10, 2002, under deposit No. KCT010248BP. The Streptococcus sp. KL0188 is a non-hemolytic strain, and it can produce hyaluronic acid with a high yield because it does not have hyaluronidase activity.
- DEID The Streptococcus sp. KL0188 can be cultured on a culture medium containing trace elements such as a carbon source, a nitrogen source,
- DETD The example of the culture medium for Streptococcus sp. KL0188 that is used in the present invention comprises: 20 to 80 g/L of glucose, 5 g/L of yeast. . . .
- DETD The Streptococcus sp. KL0188 can be cultured at 30 to 37° C. under aerobic conditions. The pH of the culture solution is
- DETD Hyaluronic acid produced from Streptococcus sp. KL0188 can be

- separated and purified by common methods (J. Soc. Cosmet. Japan. 22, 35-42 (1988)) or by the purification method of the present invention. The Streptococcus sp. KL0188 produces approximately 6.0 to 7.5 g/L of hyaluronic acid, with a high average molecular weight of 4,000,000 Da. . .
- DETD Therefore, according to the present invention, the Streptococcus sp. KL0188 can produce hyaluronic acid with a low cost and high yield, and hyaluronic acid can also be purified. .
- DETD As the hyaluronic acid producing strain, any strain that produces hyaluronic acid as a metabolite can be used, and representatively, Streptococcus sp. microorganisms can be used. The Streptococcus sp. microorganisms include Streptococcus pyogenes, Streptococcus faecalis, Streptococcus dysgalactiae, Streptococcus zooepidemicus, Streptococcus equi, Streptococcus equisimilis, and Streptococcus sp. KL0188 (KCTC10248BP). The hyaluronic acid producing strains can be cultured by a common culture method to prepare a culture.
- DETD Mutation was caused on Streptococcus zooepidemicus to select mutant strains that have non-hemolytic properties and do not have hyaluronidase activities.
- DETD Streptococcus zooepidemicus (KCTC 3318) was inoculated on 50 ml of Baco Todd Hewitt Broth from DIFCO Company and cultured at 37° . . .
- DETD On the selected non-hemolytic mutant strains, mutation was caused by the same method as mentioned above to select strains that do not have hyaluronidase activity. The non-hemolytic mutant strains were coated on a Todd Hewitt Agar Broth containing 400 µg of hyaluronic acid and 1% albumin fraction. . . .
- DETD . . Saito, N. & Nei, M. (1987) Mol Biol vol 4, 406-425). As a result, the selected strains were identified as Streptococcus sp. hence they were named Streptococcus sp. KL0188. The Streptococcus sp. KL0188 was deposited with the Korean Collection for Type Culture on May 10, 2002, under deposition No. KCTC 10248BP.
- DETD Streptococcus sp. KL0188 was cultured to measure hyaluronic acid production efficiency and the molecular weight of produced hyaluronic acid.
- DETD Examination of Hyaluronic Acid Productivity of Streptococcus zooepidemicus
- DETD Streptococcus zooepidemicus (KCTC3318) was cultured by the same method as in Example 2, and hyaluronic acid productivity and molecular weight were. . .
- DETD It was confirmed that the Streptococcus sp. KL0188 of the present invention has excellent hyaluronic acid productivity and the molecular weight of the produced hyaluronic acid was high, compared to Streptococcus zooepidemicus.
- DETD The Streptococcus sp. KL0188 of the present invention is a non-hemolytic strain, and produces hyaluronic acid with a high molecular weight and a high yield. Therefore, hyaluronic acid produced from the
- DETD Streptococcus sp. KL0188 can be used for cosmetics or medicines.
- DETD Streptococcus sp. KL0188 (KCTC10248BP) was inoculated on 100 ml of Todd Hewitt Broth and cultured at 35° C. until an algebraic . . .
- DETD Hyaluronic acid and its salt were purified by the same method as in Example 3, except that Streptococcus zooepidemicus (KCTC3318) was used as a hyaluronic acid producing strain.
- CLM What is claimed is: 1. Streptococcus sp. KL0188 (KCTC), which is a hyaluronic acid

producing microorganism strain that does not express hyaluronidase and that shows a non-hemolytic property.

- CLM What is claimed is:
 - 2. A method for purifying hyaluronic acid, comprising the steps of treating a culture solution of the Streptococcus sp. KL0188 (KCTC10248BP) of claim 1 with an aromatic adsorption resin, treating it with an active carbon, and precipitating it. . . .
- CLM What is claimed is:
 . . purifying hyaluronic acid and a salt thereof according to claim 6,
 - purifying nyaluronic acid and a sait thereof according to claim b, wherein the hyaluronic acid producing microorganism strain is a Streptococcus sp. strain.

=> d 2 kwic

- L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
- AB . . . immunogenic compositions useful as pharmaceutical compositions including vaccines in which non-toxic, modified pneumolysin is used to stimulate protective immunity against Streptococcus pneumoniae. The vaccines may be compositions in which the modified pneumolysin is conjugated to bacterial polysaccharides or may be carried. . . addition, the invention also provides a method of using the non-toxic, modified pneumolysin toxoid in order to stimulate antibodies against Streptococcus pneumoniae in a treated individual which are then isolated and transferred to a second individual, thereby conferring protection against Streptococcus pneumoniae in the second individual.
- SUMM ... forms of pneumolysin and their use in producing compositions for the immunization of mammals against infections caused by bacteria including Streptococcus pneumoniae.
- SUMM [0002] Streptococcus pneumoniae is the major cause of bacterial pneumonia, bacteremia, meningitis, and otitis media (Baltimore et al. in Bacterial infections of .
- SUMM [0003] Pneumolysin (PLY), a sulfydryl-activated cytolytic toxin, is produced by all types of Streptococcus pneumoniae (Kanclerski et al. J Clin Microbiol 1987, 25, 222-225) and is considered a major virulence factor in pneumococcal infection. . .
- SUMM ... the virulence of this organism include pneumolysin, autolysin, neuraminidase, pneumococcal surface polypeptide A (PspA), the 37 kDa polypeptide, adhesion molecules, hyaluronidase, and an IgAl protease.
- SUMM . this invention to provide vaccine preparations comprising a modified pneumolysin polypeptide that can elicit antibodies and induce protective immunity against Streptococcus pneumoniae when delivered to a susceptible mammal. Such vaccines may be based on the pneumolysoid itself, or conjugates that comprise.
- DETD . . . specific bacteria, this invention can be used to provide immunization against meningococcus, pneumococcus, haemophilus influenzae type b and Group B strebtococcus as well as other bacteria.
- DETD [0075] The modified pneumolysin polypeptides of this invention are polypeptides that are non-hemolytic or substantially non-hemolytic and still maintain at least one epitope that binds to antibody directed against the native polypeptide. Because such hemolytic activity.
- DETD . . host cell may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic. DNA for native wild-type pneumolysin may be obtained from natural sources, such as Streptococcus pneumoniae, or alternatively synthesized. The wild-type DNA may then be used as the starting material for modification, as described above, . . .

- DETD . . . bacteria. Such bacteria including for example: Haemophilus influenzae type b; meningococcus group A, B, or C; group B or A streptococcus of various serotypes including group B types Ia,
- Ib, II, III, V, and VIII; as well as the various serotypes. . DETD [0133] Bacterial Strains and Plasmids. Streptococcus
- pneumoniae serotype 14 (ATCC, Rockville, Md.) was used in this study for isolation of genomic DNA. E. coli strain DH5α. . .
- DETD Cloning of the Pneumolysin Gene for Streptococcus pneumoniae serotype 14.
- DETD [0136] Genomic DNA was isolated from approximately 0.5 g Streptococcus pneumoniae serotype 14 using the method described above. This DNA served as the template for two pneumolysin-specific oligonucleotides in a. .
- DETD [0177] Six to 8 weeks old female outbred CD-1 mice (Charles River, Raleigh) were immunized with monovalent or tetravalent vaccines. Streptococcus pneumoniae polysaccharides types 6B, 14, 19, and 23 were conjugated to tetanus toxoid or pneumolysin mutant (0.5 μg PS/0.2 ml.

=> d 15 3 kwic

- 1.5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 USPATFULL on STN
- DUPLICATE 1 AB . . . immunogenic compositions useful as pharmaceutical compositions including vaccines in which non-toxic, modified pneumolysin is used to stimulate protective immunity against Streptococcus pneumoniae. The vaccines may be compositions in which the modified pneumolysin is conjugated to bacterial polysaccharides or may be carried. . . addition, the invention also provides a method of using the non-toxic, modified pneumolysin toxoid in order to stimulate antibodies against Streptococcus pneumoniae in a treated individual which are then isolated and transferred to a second individual, thereby conferring protection against Streptococcus pneumoniae in the second individual.
- SUMM . . . forms of pneumolysin and their use in producing compositions for the immunization of mammals against infections caused by bacteria including Streptococcus pneumoniae.
- SUMM [0002] Streptococcus pneumoniae is the major cause of bacterial pneumonia, bacteremia, meningitis, and otitis media (Baltimore et al. in Bacterial infections of.
- SUMM [0003] Pneumolysin (PLY), a sulfydryl-activated cytolytic toxin, is produced by all types of Streptococcus pneumoniae (Kanclerski et al. J Clin Microbiol 1987, 25, 222-225) and is considered a major virulence factor in pneumococcal infection. . .
- SUMM . . . the virulence of this organism include pneumolysin, autolysin, neuraminidase, pneumococcal surface polypeptide A (PspA), the 37 kDa polypeptide, adhesion molecules, hyaluronidase, and an IgAl protease.
- SUMM . . . this invention to provide vaccine preparations comprising a modified pneumolysin polypeptide that can elicit antibodies and induce protective immunity against Streptococcus pneumoniae when delivered to a susceptible mammal. Such vaccines may be based on the pneumolysoid itself, or conjugates that comprise. . .
- DETD . . . specific bacteria, this invention can be used to provide immunization against meningococcus, pneumococcus, haemophilus influenzae type b and Group B streptococcus as well as other bacteria.
- DETD [0074] The modified pneumolysin polypeptides of this invention are polypeptides that are non-hemolytic or substantially non-hemolytic and still maintain at least one epitope that binds to antibody directed against the native polypeptide. Because such hemolytic activity. . .
- DETD . . host cell may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic. DNA for native

- wild-type pneumolysin may be obtained from natural sources, such as Streptococcus pneumoniae, or alternatively synthesized. The wild-type DNA may then be used as the starting material for modification, as described above,. . . .
- DETD . . . bacteria. Such bacteria including for example: Haemophilus influenzae type b; meningococcus group A, B, or C; group B or A streptococcus of various serotypes including group B types Ia, Ib, II, III, V, and VIII; as well as the various serotypes. . .
- DETD [0128] Bacterial Strains and Plasmids. Streptococcus pneumoniae serotype 14 (ATCC, Rockville, Md.) was used in this study for isolation of genomic DNA. E. coli strain DHSa. . . .
- DETD Cloning of the Pneumolysin Gene for Streptococcus pneumoniae Serotype 14
- DETD [0131] Genomic DNA was isolated from approximately 0.5 g
 Streptococcus pneumoniae serotype 14 using the method described
 above. This DNA served as the template for two pneumolysin-specific
 oligonucleotides in a. . .
- DETD [0167] Six to 8 weeks old female outbred CD-1 mice (Charles River, Raleigh) were immunized with monovalent or tetravalent vaccines. Streptococcus pneumoniae polysaccharides types 6B, 14, 19, and 23 were conjugated to tetanus toxoid or pneumolysin mutant (0.5 µg PS/0.2 ml. .
- CLM What is claimed is:
 - . . bacteria selected from the group consisting of a Haemophilus influenzae type b; meningococcal group A, B or C; group B streptococcus types Ia, Ib, II, III, V or VIII and psumococcal.
- CLM What is claimed is:
 - a bacteria selected from the group consisting of Haemophilus influenzae type b; meningococcus group A, B, or C; group A streptococcus or group B streptococcus serotypes Ia, Ib, II, III, V, or VIII; or one or more of serotypes 1-23 of S. pneumoniae.

=> d hist

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:36:13 ON 28 MAR 2009)

INDEX 'ADISCTI, ADISINSIGHT, ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, ANTE, AQUIALINE, AQUASCI, BIOONG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHAS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CAPLUS, CEABA-VTB, CIN, CONFSCI, CROPB, CROPU, DDFB, DDFU, DGENE, DISSABS, DRUGB, DRUGMONOG2, DRUGU, EMBAL, EMBASE, ... ENTERED AT 17:36:31 ON 28 MAR 2009 SEA STREPTOCOCCUS AND NON-HEMOLYTIC

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L4
             4 S L3
             3 DUP REM L4 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
=> logoff
ALL L# OUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF
LOGOFF? (Y) /N/HOLD: y
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
                                               SINCE FILE
                                                            TOTAL
                                                    ENTRY
                                                            SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                    9.42
                                                              13.72
STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 17:43:11 ON 28 MAR 2009
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